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## IIT JAM 2016

1. The correct order of pKa for the following compounds is

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IV
(a) II $>$ I $>$ III $>$ IV
(b) II $>$ I $>$ IV
III
(c) III $>$ IV $>$ I $>$ II
(d) IV $>$ II $>$ I $>$ III
2. The major product formed in the following reaction is

3. The mechanism of the following transformation involves

(excess)

(a) Aldol reaction and Cannizzaro reaction
(b) Aldol reaction and Claisen-Schmidt reaction
(c) Knoevenagel condensation and Cannizzaro reaction
(d) Stobbe condensation and Cannizzaro reaction
4. The most basic amino acid among the following is
(a) tyrosine
(b) methionine
(c) arginine
(d) glutamine
5. The crystal field stabilization energy (CFSE) in $\left[\mathrm{Mn}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+}$ is
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(a) $0 \Delta_{0}$
(b) $2.0 \Delta_{0}-2 \mathrm{P}$
(c) $0.4 \Delta_{0}-2 \mathrm{P}$
(d) $2.0 \Delta_{0}$
6. Indicator used in redox titration is
(a) Eriochrome black T
(b) Methyl orange
(c) Phenolphalein
(d) Methylene blue
7. Among the following, the compound that has the lowest degree of ionic character is
(a) NaCl
(b) $\mathrm{MgCl}_{2}$
(c) $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$
(d) $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$
8. The correct order of entropy for various states of $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ is
(A) $\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~s})>\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{l})>\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ (g)
01 N
(B) $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ (l) $>\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ (s) $>\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ (g)
(C) $\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})>\mathrm{CO}_{2}($ l $)>\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~s})$
(D) $\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})>\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~s})>\mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{l})$
9. The coordination numbers of $\mathrm{Cs}^{+}$and $\mathrm{Cl}^{-}$ions in the CsCl structure, respectively, are
(a) 4,4
(b) 4, 8
(c) 6,6
(d) 8,8
10. Determinant of a square matrix is always
(a) a square matrix
(b) a column matrix
(c) a row matrix
(d) a number

## Q. 11 - Q. 30 carry TW0 marks each.

11. The correct order of ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR chemical shiff ( $\delta$ ) values of the labelled methyl groups in the following compound is


(a) $\mathrm{Me}^{1}<\mathrm{Me}^{2}<\mathrm{Me}^{3}<\mathrm{Me}^{4}$
(b) $\mathrm{Me}^{3}<\mathrm{Me}^{4}<\mathrm{Me}^{1}<\mathrm{Me}^{2}$
(c) $\mathrm{Me}^{3}<\mathrm{Me}^{1}<\mathrm{Me}^{4}<\mathrm{Me}^{2}$
(d) $\mathrm{Me}^{2}<\mathrm{Me}^{4}<\mathrm{Me}^{3}<\mathrm{Me}^{1}$
12. Among the following, the most stable conformation of meso-2, 3-dibromobutane is
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(a)

(b)

(c)

(d)

13. The major products X and Y in the following reaction sequence are

(a)

(b)

(d)

14. The major product formed in the reaction of butane-nitrile with phenylmagnesium bromide followed by acidification is .
(a)

(c)


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15. An organic compound on reaction with 2, 4-dinitrophenylhydrazine (2, 4-DNP) gives a yellow precipitate. It also give silver mirror on reaction with ammonical $\mathrm{AgNO}_{3}$. It gives an alcohol and sodium salt of a carboxylic acid on reaction with concentrated NaOH . It yields benzene-1, 2-dicarboxylic acid on heating with alkaline $\mathrm{KMnO}_{4}$. The structure of the compound among the following is

(b)

(c)

(d)


(a)

200
6. The major products $X$ and $Y$ in the following reaction sequence are
(a)




(ii) Mel

$\mathbf{Y}=$
(b)
(c)

$\mathbf{Y}=$


$\mathbf{Y}=$

(d)
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17. The True statement about $\left[\mathrm{Cu}\left(\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right)_{6}\right]^{2+}$ is
(a) All $\mathrm{Cu}-\mathrm{O}$ bond lengths are equal
(b) One $\mathrm{Cu}-\mathrm{O}$ bound length is shorter than the remaining five
(c) Three $\mathrm{Cu}-\mathrm{O}$ bond lengths are shorter than the remaining three
(d) Four Cu-O bond lengths are shorter than the remaining two
18. The complexes $\left[\mathrm{Pt}(\mathrm{CN})_{4}\right]^{2-}$ and $\left[\mathrm{NiCl}_{4}\right]^{2-}$, respectively, are
(a) paramagnetic, paramagnetic
(b) diamagnetic, diamagnetic
(c) paramagnetic, diamagnetic
(d) diamagnetic, paramagnetic
19. The value of ' $x$ ' in $\left[\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{CO})_{x}\right]^{ \pm}$such that it obeys the 18 electron rule is
(a) 6
(b) 5
(c) 4
(d) 3
20. The correct order of $y_{\mathrm{no}}\left(\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right)$ in the following compounds is
(a) $\mathrm{NO}^{+}>\mathrm{NO}>[\mathrm{NiCp}(\mathrm{NO})]>\left[\mathrm{Cr}(\mathrm{Cp})_{2}(\mathrm{NO})_{4}\right]$
(b) $\left[\mathrm{Cr}(\mathrm{Cp})_{2}(\mathrm{NO})_{4}\right]>\left[\mathrm{NiCp}(\mathrm{NO})^{7}\right]>\mathrm{NO}^{+}>\mathrm{NO}$
(c) $\mathrm{NO}^{+}>\left[\mathrm{Cr}(\mathrm{CP})_{2}(\mathrm{NO})_{4}\right]>\mathrm{NO}>[\mathrm{NiCp}(\mathrm{NO})]$
(d) $[\mathrm{NiCp}(\mathrm{NO})]>\mathrm{NO}>\left[\mathrm{Cr}(\mathrm{Cp})_{2}(\mathrm{NO})_{4}\right]>\mathrm{NO}^{+}$
21. The red colour of ruby is due to
(a) d-d transition of $\mathrm{Cr}^{3}$ +ion in $\mathrm{Cr}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ lattice
(b) d-d transition of $\mathrm{Cr}^{3}+$ ion in $\mathrm{Al}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ lattice
(c) ligand to metal charge transfer transition
(d) metal to metal charge transfer transition
22. The final products in the reaction of $\mathrm{BF}_{3}$ with water are
(a) $\mathrm{B}(\mathrm{OH})_{3}$ and $\mathrm{OF}_{2}$
(b) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{BO}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{HBF}_{4}$
(c) $\mathrm{B}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{HBF}_{4}$
(d) $\mathrm{B}_{2} \mathrm{H}_{6}$ and HF
23. The correct order of bond angles in $\mathrm{BF}_{3} \mathrm{NH}_{3} . \mathrm{NF}_{3}$ and $\mathrm{PH}_{3}$ is
(a) $\mathrm{BF}_{3}>\mathrm{NH}_{3}>\mathrm{NF}_{3}>\mathrm{PH}_{3}$
(b) $\mathrm{PH}_{3}>\mathrm{BF}_{3}>\mathrm{NF}_{3}>\mathrm{NH}_{3}$
(c) $\mathrm{BF}_{3}>\mathrm{PH}_{3}>\mathrm{NH}_{3}>\mathrm{NF}_{3}$
(d) $\mathrm{NH}_{3}>\mathrm{NF}_{3}>\mathrm{BF}_{3}>\mathrm{PH}_{3}$
24. The maximum of a function $\mathrm{Ae}^{-\mathrm{ax}}(\mathrm{A}>0 ; \mathrm{a}>0)$ is at $\mathrm{x}=$

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(a) 0
(b) $+\infty$
(c) $-\infty$
(d) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathrm{a}}}$
25. At 298K, 0.1 mol of ammonium acetate and 0.14 mol of acetic acid are dissolved in 1 L of water. The pH of the resulting solution is [Given : $\mathrm{pK}_{\mathrm{a}}$ of acetic acid is 4.75]
(a) 4.9
(b) 4.6
(c) 4.3
(d) 2.3
26. An electrochemical cell consists of two half-cell reactions

$$
\mathrm{AgCl}(\mathrm{~s})+\mathrm{e}^{-} \rightarrow \mathrm{Ag}(\mathrm{~s})+\mathrm{Cl}^{-}(\mathrm{aq})
$$

$$
\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{~s}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Cu}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{e}^{-}
$$

The mass of copper (in grams) dissolved on passing 0.5 A current for 1 hour is [Given : atomic mass of cuis 63.6; $\mathrm{F}=96500 \mathrm{C} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ ]
(a) 0.88
(b) 1.18
(c) 0.29
(d) 0.59
27. For a zero order reaction, the half-life depends on the initial concentration $\left[\mathrm{C}_{0}\right]$ of the reactant as
(a) $\left[\mathrm{C}_{0}\right.$
(b) $\left[\mathrm{C}_{0}\right]^{0}$

- (c) $\left[\mathrm{C}_{0}\right]^{-1}$
(d) $\left[C_{0}\right]^{1 / 2}$

28. The effective nuclear change of helium atom is 1.7. The first ionization energy of helium in eV is
(a) 13.6
(b) 23.1
(c) 39.3
(d) 27.2
29. The relationship between the van der Waal's 'b' coefficient of $\mathrm{N}_{2}$ and $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ is
(a) $\mathrm{b}\left(\mathrm{N}_{2}\right)=\mathrm{b}\left(\mathrm{O}_{2}\right)=0$

(c) $b\left(\mathrm{~N}_{2}\right)>b\left(\mathrm{O}_{2}\right)$
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(b) $\mathrm{b}\left(\mathrm{N}_{2}\right)=\mathrm{b}\left(\mathrm{O}_{2}\right) \neq 0$
(d) $\mathrm{b}\left(\mathrm{N}_{2}\right)<\mathrm{b}\left(\mathrm{O}_{2}\right)$
30. From the kinetic theory of gases, the ratio of most probable speed $\left(\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{mp}}\right)$ to root mean square speed ( $\mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{rms}}$ ) is
(a) $\sqrt{3}$
(b) $\sqrt{2} / \sqrt{3}$
(c) $\sqrt{3} / \sqrt{2}$
(d) $3 / \sqrt{2}$

## SECTION - B

## Q. 31 - Q. 40 carry TWO marks each.

31. The correct statement(s) about the following species is (are)
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I

II

III
(a) I and II are resonance structure
(b) II and III are resonance structures
(c) II and III are diastereomers
(d) III is a tautomer of I
32. Consider the following reaction:

$$
\mathrm{Ph}-\mathrm{NH}-\mathrm{NH}_{2}
$$

(D)-glucose $\xrightarrow[\text { (3 equiv) }{ }^{2}]{\text { (2) }} \mathbf{x}$
cat. $\mathrm{H}^{+}$
Among the following, the compound(s) whose osazone derivatives(s) will have the same
(a)


(b)


33. The appropriate reagents required for carrying out the following transformation are

(a) (i) $\mathrm{PCC}, \mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$; (ii) $\mathrm{Ph}_{3} \mathrm{P}=\mathrm{CH} \overline{\mathrm{C}} \overline{\mathrm{O}}_{2} \mathrm{Et}$; (iii) aq. NaOH , heat, then acidify
(b) (i) $\mathrm{VrO}_{3}, \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$, aq. Acetone (ii) $\mathrm{Ac}_{2} \mathrm{O}, \mathrm{NaOAc}$
(c) (i) $\mathrm{MnO}_{2}$; (ii) $\mathrm{CH}_{2}\left(\mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{H}\right)_{2}$, piperidine, pyridine
(d) (i) PCC ; $\mathrm{CH}_{2} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}$; (ii) $\mathrm{BrCH}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{2} \mathrm{C}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)_{3}, \mathrm{Zn}$ (iii) $\mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{O}^{+}$heat
34. The appropriate reagents required for carrying out the following transformation are


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(a) (i) Succinic anhydride, $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$; (ii) $\mathrm{Zn} / \mathrm{Hg}, \mathrm{HCl}$; (iii) polyphosphoric acid
(b) (i) Maleic anhydride, $\mathrm{AlCl}_{3}$; (ii) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{NH}_{2}, \mathrm{KOH}$; (iii) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
(c) (i) succinic anhydride, $\mathrm{FeCl}_{3}$; (ii) $\mathrm{LiAlH}_{4}$; (iii) $\mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$
(d) (i) phthalic anhydride, $\mathrm{F}_{3} \mathrm{~B}$. $\mathrm{OEt}_{2}$; (ii) $\mathrm{HS}\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)_{2} \mathrm{SH}, \mathrm{H}^{+}$; (iii) Raney Ni; (iv) polyphosphoric acid
35. The protein(s) that belong to the class of blue copper proteins is (are)
(a) ceruloplasmin
(b) superoxide dismutase
(c) hemocyanim
(d) azurin
36. The ion(s) that exhibit only charge transfer bands in the absorption spectra (UVvisible region) is/are
(a) $\left[\mathrm{Cr}\left(\mathrm{C}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{4}\right)_{3}\right]^{3-}$
(b) $\left[\mathrm{CrO}_{4}\right]^{2-}$
$]^{2-}$ T
(c) $\left[\operatorname{ReO}_{4}\right]$
(d) $\left[\mathrm{NiO}_{2}\right]^{2-}$
37. The type(s_) of interaction(s) that hold layers of graphite together is(are)
(a) $\pi-\pi$ stacking
(b) van der Waals
(c) hydrogen bonding
(d) coulombic
38. TRUE statement (s) about Langmuir isotherm is (are)
(a) valid for monolayer coverage-
(b) all adsorption sites are equivalent
(c) there is dynamic equilibrium between free gas and adsorbed gas
(d) adsorption probability is independent of occupancy at the neighbouring sites
39. The $3 p_{z}$ orbital has
(a) one radial node
(b) two radial nodes

(c) there is dynamic equilibrium between free gas and adsorbed gas
(d) adsorption probability is independent of occupancy at the neighbouring sites
40. The diatomic molecule(s) that has (have) two $\pi$ - type bonds is (are)
(a) $\mathrm{B}_{2}$
(b) $\mathrm{C}_{2}$
(c) $\mathrm{N}_{2}$
(d) $\mathrm{O}_{2}$

## SECTION - C

## Q. 41 - Q. 50 carry One mark each.

41. Among the following, the number of molecules that are aromatic is

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42. The number of all possible isomers for the molecular formula $\mathrm{C}_{6} \mathrm{H}_{14}$ is $\qquad$
43. Hydrolysis of 15.45 g of benzonitrile produced 10.98 g of benzoic acid. The percentage yield of acid formed is
44. Acetic acid content in commercial vinegar was analyzed by titrating against 1.5 M NaOH solution. A 20 mL vinegar sample required 18 mL of titrant to given endpoint. The concentration of acetic acid in the vinegar (in $\mathrm{mol} \mathrm{L}^{-1}$ ) is -

45. The bond order of $\mathrm{Be}_{2}$ molecule is
46. The number of $\mathrm{P}-\mathrm{H}$ bonds in Hypophosphorus acid is $\qquad$
47. The isotope ${ }_{84}^{217} \mathrm{Po}$ undergoes one alpha and one beta particle emission sequentially to form an isotope ' $X$ '. The number of neutrons in ' $X$ ' is $\qquad$ , AAA,
48. In a diffraction experiment with X -rays of wavelength $1.54 \AA$, a diffraction line corresponding to $2 \theta=20.8^{\circ}$ is observed. The inter-planar separation in $\AA$ is $\qquad$

49. The a potential energy of interaction between two ions in an ionic compound is given by $U=1389.4\left[\begin{array}{l}\frac{\mathrm{Z}_{1} \mathrm{Z}_{2}}{\circ} \\ \mathrm{r} / \mathrm{A}\end{array}\right] \mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$. Assuming that $\mathrm{CaCl}_{2}$ is linear molecule of length 5.6 , the potential energy for $\mathrm{cacl}_{2}$ molecule in $\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ is $\qquad$
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50. The enthalpy of formation for $\mathrm{CH}_{4}(\mathrm{~g}), \mathrm{C}(\mathrm{g})$ and $\mathrm{H}(\mathrm{g})$ are $-75,717$ and $218 \mathrm{~kJ} \mathrm{~mol}^{-}$ ${ }^{1}$, respectively. The enthalpy of the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ bond in $\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ is. $\qquad$

## Q. 51 - Q. 60 carry TWO marks each

51. Specific rotation of the (R)-enantiomer of a chiral; compound is $48^{\circ}$. The specific rotation of a sample of this compound which contains $25 \%$ of (S)-enantiomer is
$\qquad$ -
52. Among the following, the number of compounds, which can participates as 'diene' component in a Diels-Alder reaction is $\qquad$


53. Among the following, the number of molecules that possess $\mathrm{C}_{2}$ axis of symmetry is





$\mathrm{BF}_{3} \quad \mathrm{CHCl}_{3} \quad$ 2,5-dimethylthiophene

54. Effective nuclear charge for 3 d electron in vanadium (atomic number $=23$ ) according to Slater's rule is $\qquad$
55. The total number of isomer possible for the molecule $\left[\mathrm{Co}\left(\mathrm{NH}_{3}\right)_{4} \mathrm{Cl}\left(\mathrm{NO}_{2}\right)\right]^{+}$is
$\qquad$
56. The bond angle in $\mathrm{PBr}_{3}$ is $101^{\circ}$. The percent ' S ' character of the central atom is
$\qquad$

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57. $\mathrm{Cu}(\mathrm{s})+4 \mathrm{H}^{+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{NO}_{3}^{-}(\mathrm{aq}) \rightarrow 2 \mathrm{NO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{Cu}^{2+}(\mathrm{aq})+2 \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{O}(\ell)$

In the above reaction at 1 atm 298 K , if 6.36 g of copper is used. Assuming ideal gas behaviour, the volume of $\mathrm{NO}_{2}$ produced in litres is $\qquad$
58. The $\Delta \mathrm{H}^{\circ}$ for the reaction $\mathrm{CO}(\mathrm{g})+\frac{1}{2} \mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow \mathrm{CO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ at $400 \mathrm{~K} \mathrm{in}^{\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}}{ }^{-1}$ is $\qquad$ Given at 298 K :

$$
\Delta \mathrm{H}_{\mathrm{f}}^{0} \quad \mathrm{C}_{\mathrm{p}}^{0}
$$

|  | $\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ | $\mathrm{~J} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} \mathrm{~K}^{-1}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{O}_{2}$ | 0 | 29.4 |
| CO | -110 | 29.1 |
| $\mathrm{CO}_{2}$ | -394 | 37.1 |

59. The rate constants for a reaction at 300 and 350 K are 8 and $160 \mathrm{~L} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1} \mathrm{~s}^{-1}$, respectively. The activation energy of the reaction in $\mathrm{kJ} \mathrm{mol}^{-1}$ is $\qquad$ [Given : $\mathrm{R}=8.314\left[\mathrm{~K}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}\right.$ ].
60. A 10 L flask containing 10.8 g of $\mathrm{N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ heated to 373 K , which leads to its decomposition atm, then the equation $2 \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}(\mathrm{~g}) \rightarrow 4 \mathrm{NO}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})+\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$. If the final pressure in the flask is 0.5 atm , then the partial pressure of $\mathrm{O}_{2}(\mathrm{~g})$ in atm is $\qquad$ [Given : $\mathrm{R}=0.0821 \mathrm{Latm} \mathrm{K}^{-1} \mathrm{~mol}^{-1}$ ]

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[^0]:    South Kolkata: 30A, Southern Avenue Kolkata - 26. (Near Kalighat Metro)
    울 +917003268624
    North Kolkata: 47, Tarak Pramanick Rd Kolkata - 06. (Near Girish Park Metro)
    +91 8582979309
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    North Kolkata: 47, Tarak Pramanick Rd Kolkata - 06. (Near Girish Park Metro)

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    North Kolkata: 47, Tarak Pramanick Rd Kolkata - 06. (Near Girish Park Metro)
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    North Kolkata: 47, Tarak Pramanick Rd Kolkata - 06. (Near Girish Park Metro)
    울 +918582979309

[^4]:    South Kolkata: 30A, Southern Avenue Kolkata - 26. (Near Kalighat Metro)
    +91 7003268624
    North Kolkata: 47, Tarak Pramanick Rd Kolkata - 06. (Near Girish Park Metro)
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